### SY89113U



# 2.5V Low Jitter, Low Skew 1:12 LVDS Fanout Buffer with 2:1 Input MUX and Internal Termination

### **General Description**

The SY89113U is a 2.5V low jitter, low skew, 1:12 LVDS fanout buffer optimized for precision telecom and enterprise server distribution applications. The input includes a 2:1 MUX for clock switchover applications. Unlike other multiplexers, this input includes a unique isolation design that minimizes channel-to-channel crosstalk. The SY89113U distributes clock frequencies from DC to >1GHz guaranteed over temperature and voltage. The SY89113U incorporates a synchronous output enable (EN) so that the outputs will only be enabled/disabled when they are already in the LOW state.

CLK0 differential input includes Micrel's unique, 3-pin input termination architecture that directly interfaces to any differential signal (AC- or DC-coupled) as small as 100mV ( $200\text{mV}_{PP}$ ) without any level shifting or termination resistor networks in the signal path.

CLK1 differential input includes a new version of Micrel's unique, Any-Input architecture that directly interfaces with single-ended TTL/CMOS logic (including 3.3V logic), single-ended LVPECL, differential (AC- or DC-coupled) LVDS, HSTL, CML, and LVPECL logic levels as small as 200mV  $(400 \text{mV}_{PP})$ . CLK1 input requires external termination.

LVDS output swing 325mV into  $100\Omega$  with extremely fast rise/fall time guaranteed to be less than 250ps.

The SY89113U operates from a 2.5V±5% supply and is guaranteed over the full industrial temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. The SY89113U is part of Micrel's high-speed, Precision Edge® product line.

All support documentation can be found on Micrel's web site at: <a href="https://www.micrel.com">www.micrel.com</a>.



#### **Features**

- Selects between 1 of 2 inputs, and provides 12 precision, low skew LVDS output copies
- Guaranteed AC performance over temperature and voltage:
  - DC to >1GHz throughput
  - <975ps propagation delay CLK0-to-Q</li>
  - <250ps rise/fall time</p>
  - <25ps output-to-output skew</p>
- Ultra-low jitter design:
  - 130fs RMS phase jitter (Typ)
  - 0.7ps<sub>RMS</sub> crosstalk induced jitter
- Unique, patent-pending 2:1 input MUX provides superior isolation to minimize channel-to-channel crosstalk
- CLK0 input features a unique, patent-pending input termination and VT pin that accepts AC- and DCcoupled inputs (CML, LVPECL, LVDS)
- CLK1 accepts virtually any logic standard:
  - Single-ended: TTL/CMOS (including 3.3V logic),
     LVPECI
  - Differential: LVPECL, LVDS, CML, HSTL
- 325mV LVDS-compatible output swing
- Power supply: 2.5V +5%
- Industrial temperature range –40°C to +85°C
- Available in 44-pin (7mm x 7mm) QFN package

### **Applications**

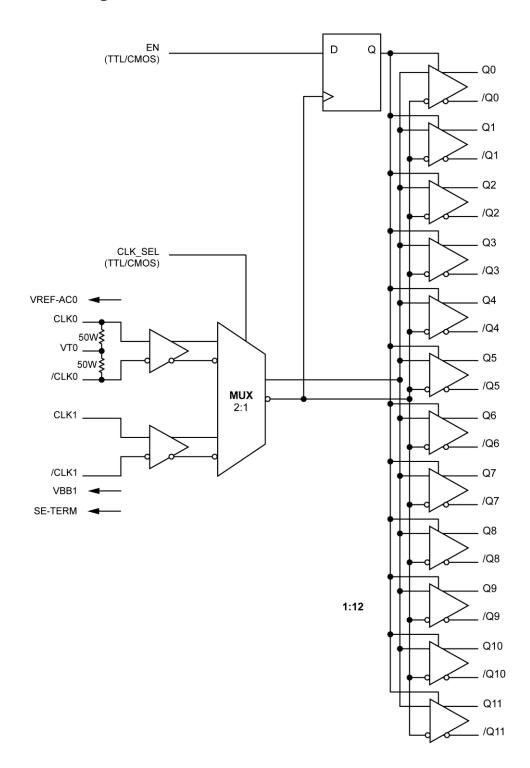
- Multi-processor server
- SONET/SDH clock/data distribution
- Fibre Channel distribution
- · Gigabit Ethernet clock distribution

United States Patent No. RE44,134

Precision Edge is a registered trademark of Micrel, Inc.

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# **Functional Block Diagram**



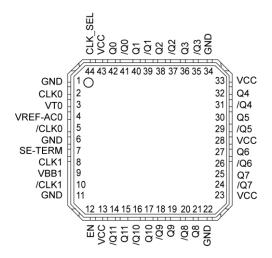
# Ordering Information<sup>(1)</sup>

Part Number	Package Type	Operating Range	Package Marking	Lead Finish
SY89113UMY	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89113U with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn Pb-Free
SY89113UMYTR <sup>(2)</sup>	QFN-44	Industrial	SY89113U with Pb-Free bar-line indicator	Matte-Sn Pb-Free

#### Notes:

- 1. Contact factory for die availability. Dice are guaranteed at  $T_A$  = 25°C, DC Electricals only.
- 2. Tape and Reel.

# **Pin Configuration**



44-Pin QFN

### **Truth Table**

EN	CLK_SEL	Q	/Q
Н	L	CLK0	/CLK0
Н	Н	CLK1	/CLK1
L	X	L <sup>(1)</sup>	H <sup>(1)</sup>

#### Note:

1. Transition occurs on next negative transition of the non-inverted input.

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1, 6, 11, 22, 34	GND, Exposed Pad	Ground. GND pins and exposed pad must both be connected to the most negative potential of chip the ground.
2, 5	CLK0, /CLK0	Differential Inputs: This input pair is a differential signal input to the device. Input accepts AC- or DC-coupled signals as small as $100\text{mV}$ ( $200\text{mV}_{PP}$ ). Each pin of the pair internally terminates to a VT pin through $50\Omega$ . Note that this input defaults to an indeterminate state if left open. Please refer to the "CLK0 Input Interface Applications" section for more details.
3	VT0	Input Termination Center-Tap: Each side of the differential input pair CLK0, /CLK0 terminates to the VT pin. The VT pin provides a center-tap to a termination network for maximum interface flexibility. See "CLK0 Input Interface Applications" section for more details. For DC-coupled CML or LVDS inputs, the VT pin is left floating.
4	VREF-AC0	Reference Voltage: This output biases to $V_{CC}$ –1.2V. It is used when AC-coupling the input CLK0. For AC-coupled applications, connect VREF-AC0 to the VT0 pin and bypass with 0.01 $\mu$ F low ESR capacitor to $V_{CC}$ . See "CLK0 Input Interface Applications" section for more details. Maximum sink/source current is ±1.5mA. Due to the limited drive capability, the VREF-AC0 pin is only intended to drive its respective input pin.
7	SE-TERM	Input Termination Pin: When CLK1 is driven by a single-ended TTL/CMOS signal, tie this pin to GND. In all other modes, let this pin float. See "CLK1 Interface Applications" section for more details.
8, 10	CLK1, /CLK1	Differential Inputs: This input pair is a differential signal input to the device. This input accepts Any-Logic standard as small as 200mV (400mV <sub>PP</sub> ). Note that this input defaults to an indeterminate state if left open. Tie either the true or the complement input to ground while the other input is floating. This input can be used for single-ended signals (including TTL/CMOS signals from a 3.3V driver). See "CLK1 Input Interface Applications" section for more details.
9	VBB1	Reference Voltage: This output biases to $V_{CC}$ –1.425V. VBB1 is designed to act as a switching reference for the CLK1 and /CLK1 inputs when configured in single-ended PECL input mode. VBB1 can be used for AC-coupling of CLK1, see Figure 4d for details. Maximum sink/source current is $\pm 1.5$ mA. Due to the limited drive capability, the VBB1 pin is only intended to drive its respective input pin.
12	EN	This single-ended, TTL/CMOS-compatible input functions as a synchronous output enable. The synchronous enable ensures that enable/disable will only occur when the outputs are in a logic LOW state. Note that this input is internally connected to a $25 k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state (enable) if left open.
13, 23, 28, 33, 43	VCC	Positive power supply. Bypass with $0.1\mu F//0.01\mu F$ low ESR capacitors and place as close to the VCC pins as possible.
44	CLK_SEL	This single-ended, TTL/CMOS-compatible input selects the inputs to the multiplexer. Note that this input is internally connected to a $25k\Omega$ pull-up resistor and will default to logic HIGH state if open.
42, 41 40, 39 38, 37 36, 35 32, 31 30, 29 27, 26 25, 24 21, 20 19, 18 17, 16 15, 14	Q0, /Q0 Q1, /Q1 Q2, /Q2 Q3, /Q3 Q4, /Q4 Q5, /Q5 Q6, /Q6 Q7, /Q7 Q8, /Q8 Q9, /Q9 Q10, /Q10 Q11, /Q11	Differential LVDS Outputs: These LVDS output pairs are the precision, low skew copies of the selected input. Please refer to the, "Truth Table" below for details. Unused output pairs should be terminated with $100\Omega$ across the pair. Each output is designed to drive $325\text{mV}$ into $100\Omega$ . See the "LVDS Output Interface Applications" section for more details.

# Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

Termination Current
Source or sink current on VT0......±100mA
Input Current
Source or sink current on CLK0 /CLK0 +50mA

Source or sink current on CLK0, /CLK0 ...±50mA Lead Temperature (soldering, 20 sec.) .......+260°C Storage Temperature (T<sub>s</sub>) ......-65°C to 150°C

# Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>

Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	. +2.3/5V to +2.625V
Ambient Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance <sup>(3)</sup>	
QFN $(\theta_{JA})$	
Still-Air	24°C/W
QFN (ψ <sub>JB</sub> )	
Junction-to-Board	8°C/W
QFN (ψ <sub>JB</sub> )	

### DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(6)</sup>

 $T_A = -40$ °C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power Supply		2.375		2.625	V
Icc	Power Supply Current	No load, max. V <sub>CC</sub>		240	330	mA
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance (CLK0-to-V <sub>T</sub> )		45	50	55	Ω
R <sub>DIFF_IN</sub>	Differential Input Resistance (CLK0-to-/CLK0)		90	100	110	Ω
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage (CLK0, /CLK0)		1.2		$V_{CC}$	V
	(CLK1, /CLK1)	Note 4	0.2		Vcc	V
		Note 5	1.2		3.6	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage (CLK0, /CLK0)		0.1		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	(CLK1, /CLK1)	Note 4	0.2			V
		Note 5	0			V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage Swing (CLK0, /CLK0)	See Figure 1a.	0.1		V <sub>cc</sub>	V
	(CLK1, /CLK1)	See Figure 1a.	0.2			V
$V_{DIFF\_IN}$	Differential Input Voltage Swing  CLK0-to-/CLK0	See Figure 1b.	0.2			V
	CLK1-to-/CLK1	See Figure 1b.	0.4			V
V <sub>T0</sub>	$CLK0$ -to- $V_{T0}$ ( $CLK0$ , / $CLK0$ )				1.28	V
V <sub>REF-AC0</sub>	Output Reference Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.3	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.2	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.1	V
$V_{BB1}$	Output Reference Voltage		V <sub>CC</sub> -1.525	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.425	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.325	V

#### Notes:

- 1. Permanent device damage may occur if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- 2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
- Package thermal resistance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the devices most negative potential on the PCB. θ<sub>JA</sub> and Ψ<sub>JB</sub> values are determined for a 4-layer board in still-air, unless otherwise stated.
- 4. SE-TERM not connected.
- 5. Using single-ended TTL/CMOS input signals, SE-TERM connects to GND. See Figure 4f.
- 6. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above table after thermal equilibrium has been established.

# LVDS Outputs DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

 $V_{CC}$  = +2.5V ±5%;  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C;  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the output pair, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing Q, /Q	See Figure 1a.	250	325		mV
V <sub>DIFF-OUT</sub>	Differential Output Voltage Swing Q, /Q	See Figure 1b.	500	650		mV
V <sub>OCM</sub>	Output Common Mode Voltage		1.125		1.275	V
ΔVos	Change in Vos between complementary output states				25	mV

# LVTTL/CMOS DC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(7)</sup>

 $V_{CC}$  = +2.5V ±5%;  $T_A$  = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0			V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage				0.8	V
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current		-125		30	μA
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current		-300			μΑ

#### Note:

<sup>7.</sup> The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications, shown in the above table, after thermal equilibrium has been established.

# AC Electrical Characteristics<sup>(8)</sup>

 $V_{CC}$  = +2.5V ±5%;  $T_A$  = -40°C to + 85°C,  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the output pair, unless otherwise stated.

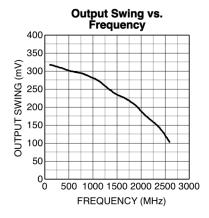
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Operating Frequency	V <sub>OUT</sub> ≥ 200mV	1			GHz
	Propagation Delay					
	CLK0-to-Q	V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 100mV	625	750	975	ps
₹ <sub>PD</sub>	CLK1-to-Q	V <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 200mV	700	900	1200	ps
f <sub>MAX</sub> t <sub>PD</sub> t <sub>PD</sub> Tempco  t <sub>S</sub>	CLK_SEL-to-Q		500	700	900	ps
t <sub>PD</sub> Tempco	Differential Propagation Delay Temperature Coefficient			90		fs/°C
	Set-up Time					
ts	EN-to-CLK0	Note 9	100			ps
.5	EN-to-CLK1	Note 9	0			ps
	Hold Time					
t <sub>H</sub>	CLK0-to-EN	Note 9	500			ps
	CLK1-to-EN	Note 9	600			ps
	Output-to-Output Skew	Note 10			25	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew CLK0	Note 11			200	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew CLK1	Note 11			250	ps
$t_{\text{SKEW}} \\$	RMS Phase Jitter	Output = 622MHz		130		fs
		Integration Range 12kHz – 20MHz				
	Adjacent Channel Crosstalk-induced Jitter	Note 12			0.7	ps <sub>RMS</sub>
t <sub>r,</sub> t <sub>f</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Time (20% to 80%)	At full output swing.	80	150	250	ps

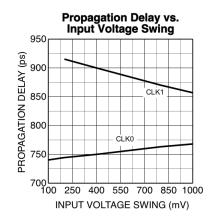
#### Notes:

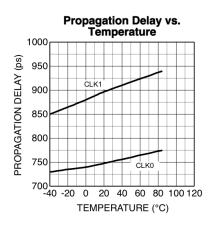
- 8. High-frequency AC-parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 9. Set-up and hold times apply to synchronous applications that intend to enable/disable before the next clock cycle. For asynchronous applications, set-up and hold do not apply.
- 10. Output-to-output skew is measured between two different outputs under identical input transitions.
- 11. Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs
- 12. Crosstalk-induced jitter is defined as: the added jitter that results from signals applied to two adjacent channels. It is measured at the output while applying two similar, differential clock frequencies that are asynchronous with respect to each other at the inputs.

# **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , GND = 0,  $V_{IN} = 400$ mV,  $R_L = 100\Omega$  across the output pair;  $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise stated.

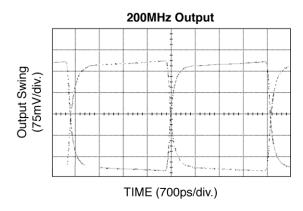


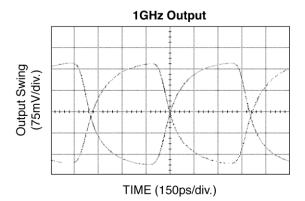




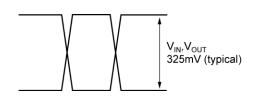
### **Functional Characteristics**

 $V_{CC}$  = 2.5V, GND = 0,  $V_{IN}$  = 400mV,  $R_L$  = 100 $\Omega$  across the output pair;  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise stated.





# **Single-Ended and Differential Swings**



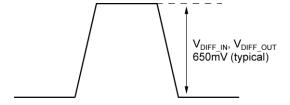
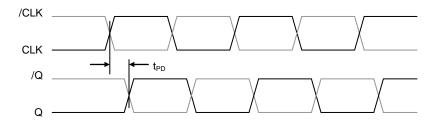


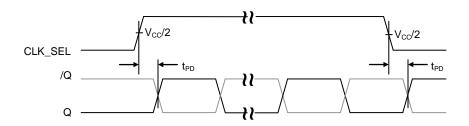
Figure 1a. Single-Ended Voltage Swing CLK0

Figure 1b. Differential Voltage Swing CLK0

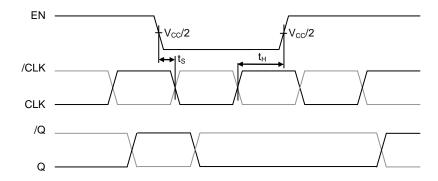
### **Timing Diagrams**



**Differential In-to-Differential Out** 



**CLK\_SEL-to-Differential Out** 



Set-Up and Hold Time EN-to-Differential IN

### **Input and Output Stages**

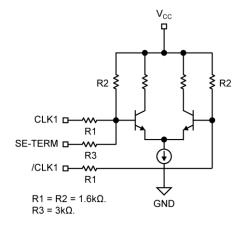


Figure 2a. CLK1 Differential Input Structure

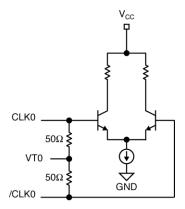


Figure 2b. CLK0 Differential Input Structure

### **CLK0 Input Interface Applications**

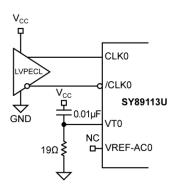


Figure 3a. LVPECL Interface (DC-Coupled)

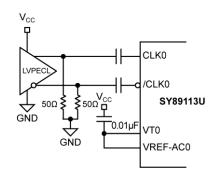
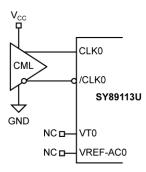


Figure 3b. LVPECL Interface (AC-Coupled)



option: may connect VT to  $\ensuremath{V_{\text{CC}}}$ 

Figure 3c. CML Interface (DC-Coupled)

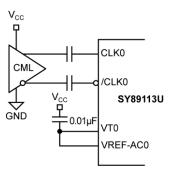


Figure 3d. CML Interface (AC-Coupled)

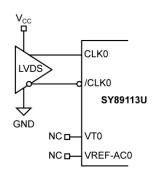


Figure 3e. LVDS Interface

# **CLK1 Input Interface Applications**

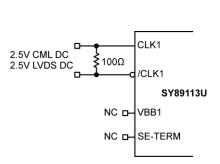


Figure 4a. CML, LVDS Interface (DC-Coupled)

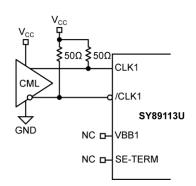


Figure 4b. CML Interface (DC-Coupled)

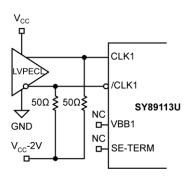


Figure 4c. PECL Interface (DC-Coupled)

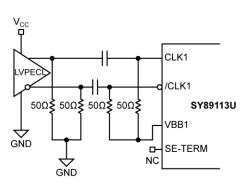


Figure 4d. PECL Interface (AC-Coupled)

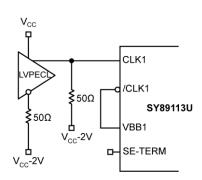
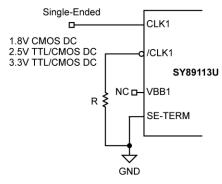


Figure 4e. PECL Interface (Single-Ended)



(See Single-Ended TTL/CMOS Recommended Resistor Table for Recommended Resistor Value R)

Figure 4f. TTL/CMOS Interface (Single-Ended)

# Single-Ended TTL/CMOS Recommended Resistor Value

The SY89113U can be driven by a TTL/CMOS input signal. See Figure 4f. The resistor R, in Table 1, below is calculated according to the following equation:



The equation above is used to determine the optimum value of R for best duty cycle.

	Recommended R (Ω)
1.8V CMOS	261
2.5V CMOS	732
3.3V CMOS	1470

Table 1. Single-Ended TTL/CMOS Recommended Resistors

# **LVDS Output Interface Applications**

LVDS specifies a small swing of 325mV typical, on a nominal 1.2V common mode above ground. The common mode voltage has tight limits to permit large variations in ground between an LVDS driver and receiver. Also, change in common mode voltage, as a function of data input, is kept to a minimum, to keep EMI low.

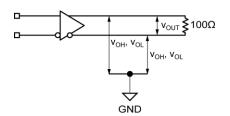


Figure 5a. LVDS Differential Measurement

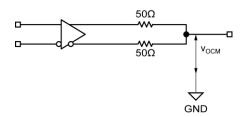
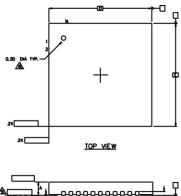


Figure 5b. LVDS Common Mode Measurement

### **Related Product and Support Documentation**

Part Number	Function	Datasheet Link
SY89112U	2.5/3.3V Low Jitter, Low Skew 1:12 LVPECL Fanout Buffer with 2:1 Input MUX and Internal Termination	http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy89112u.shtml
HBW Solutions	New Products and Applications	www.micrel.com/product-info/products/solutions.shtml

### **Package Information**



#### NOTES:

- O'IES:

  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M. 1994.

  2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, 0 IS IN DEGREES.

  3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.

  DIMENSION 15 APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30mm FROM TERMINAL TIP. IF THE TERMINAL HAS THE OPTIONAL RADIUS ON THE OTHER END OF THE TERMINAL, THE DIMENSION 15 SHOULD NOT BE MEASURED IN THAT RADIUS AREA. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.

  6. MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 mm.

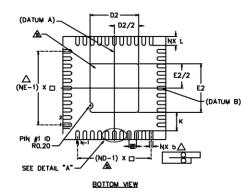
  7. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

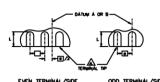
- PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LASER MARKED.
- igtriangle bilateral coplanarity zone applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the TERMINALS.

  10. THIS DRAWING CONFORMES TO JEDEC REGISTERED OUTLINE MO-220



SIDE VIEW

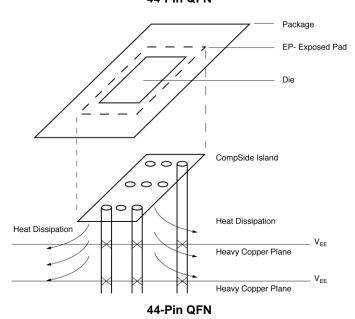




DETAIL "A"

DII	DIMENSIONS				
MIN.	L NOM.	MAX.	,£		
	0.50 BSC				
	44		3		
	11		A		
	11				
0.55	0,60	0.65			
0.18	0.25	0.30	A		
3.20	3,30	3,40			
3.20	3,30	3,40			
	7.00 BSC				
	7.00 BSC				
0,80	0.85	1,00			
0.00	0.02	0.05			
0.20 MIN.					
0		12	2		
	0.18 3.20 3.20 0.80 0.00	0,50 BSC  44  11  0.55 0.60  0.18 0.25  3.20 3.30  3.20 3.30  7.00 BSC  7.00 BSC  0.80 0.85  0.00 0.02  0.20 MIN.	0.50 BSC  44  11  0.55 0.60 0.65  0.18 0.25 0.30  3.20 3.30 3.40  3.20 3.30 3.40  7.00 BSC  7.00 BSC  0.80 0.85 1.00  0.00 0.02 0.05  0.20 MIN.		

#### 44-Pin QFN



#### Package Notes:

- 1. Package meets Level 2 moisture sensitivity classification, and is shipped in dry pack form.
- 2. Exposed pads must be soldered to a ground for proper thermal management.

#### MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

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